IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
Plaintiff,	Case No. CR
vs.	TRIAL SCHEDULING AND MANAGEMENT ORDER
Defendant.	

In order to efficiently manage and schedule the heavy criminal case load in this district, the following ORDER is entered. This order is subject to modification to meet the needs of a particular case.

- 1. **TRIAL DATE:** This case has been placed on the court's calendar and is scheduled to be tried commencing on _______ before Linda R. Reade, United States District Court Judge. This may be one of many criminal cases scheduled to be tried on that date.
- 2. **FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE:** Unless a separate Final Pretrial Conference is set by separate notice, a Final Pretrial Conference in this case will be held in the Chambers of the trial judge **8:00 a.m.** on the day scheduled for the commencement of trial. All counsel and parties are expected to be present for the Final Pretrial Conference.

3. PR	ETRIAL MOT	TONS & M	<u>OTIONS</u>	IN LIMI	<u>NE</u> :	Motions
challenging the ex	tent to which the	e government	is providi	ng discover	y shall be fil	ed on or
before		Mot	tions to sup	press, to di	ismiss, for se	verance
or other similar m	otions shall be f	iled on or befo	ore			Any
notice of a defe	nse to be filed	pursuant to	<u>Rule</u> 12.2	2 shall be	filed on or	before
		All Motion	ns in Limir	ne must be f	iled ten (10) l	ousiness
days in advance of	f the date sched	uled for the co	ommencen	nent of tria	l. Resistance	es to the
motions in limine	must be filed at	least five (5)	business d	ays in adva	ance of the tr	ial date.
The court will tal	te up the motion	s in limine at	the Final	Pretrial Co	nference.	

Requests for subpoenas or writs of habeas corpus ad testificandum at government expense shall be submitted two (2) weeks prior to trial. A courtesy copy should be delivered to Judge Jarvey to ensure prompt processing of these requests.

All requested Voir Dire questions and trial briefs shall be filed not later than five (5) business days prior to trial.

4. **ACCEPTANCE OF RESPONSIBILITY:** This court has a very heavy volume of criminal cases which necessitates the scheduling of a number of criminal cases to commence on the same date. In order to afford all parties as much notice and opportunity to be prepared for trial as possible, the court anticipates making a final decision as to the cases to be tried and the order of trial, approximately two (2) weeks in advance of the date set for trial. Accordingly, all defendants are put on notice that the additional one level decrease for acceptance of responsibility provided for under USSG 3E1.1(b)(2) will not be given to the defendant, unless the defendant signs a plea agreement no later than the close of business fifteen (15) business days in advance of the date scheduled for trial and enters the plea more than two (2) weeks before trial. A defendant who pleads guilty without a plea agreement must notify the court of his intention no later than fifteen (15) business days before trial and enter the plea more than two (2) weeks prior to trial. Once that deadline has expired, the parties can assume that the court will

no longer grant the additional one level decrease because of the inability of the court to allocate its resources efficiently, unless exceptional circumstances are shown.

5. **JURY INSTRUCTIONS:** It is generally the practice of the court to use Eighth Circuit Model Jury Instructions in connection with all criminal cases tried in this court. Specifically, the court anticipates giving Model Instruction Nos. 1.01, 1.02, 1.03, 1.05 (including the bracketed portion), 1.06 (including bracketed portion which allows for notetaking), 1.07, 1.08, and 1.09 (including the bracketed portions) as the court's preliminary instructions at the commencement of the trial. At the conclusion of the trial the court anticipates giving Uniform Instruction Nos. 3.01, 3.02, 3.03, 3.04, 3.11 and 3.12. Unless the parties are otherwise notified, the court anticipates giving each of those instructions, and no request is required from the parties for the submission of those instructions as part of the preliminary and final instructions in this case.

All other proposed jury instructions shall be submitted five (5) business days in advance of the trial date in the following form:

- (a) Pattern instructions (numbered separately) may be requested by reference to the source of the instruction, including the name of the publication, page number, and instruction number from the following sources of pattern instructions: Manual of Model Jury Instructions for the District Courts of the Eighth Circuit, (1994 ed. West Publishing Co.); Devitt, et al., Federal Jury Practice and Instructions, (4th ed. 1992); Sand, et al., Modern Federal Jury Instructions (Matthew Bender).
- (b) Each non-pattern instruction shall treat a single subject and shall be set forth in full, double-spaced, on a separate sheet of paper. At the bottom of the instruction, the party advancing the instruction shall set forth the citation of the decision, statute, regulation or other authorities supporting the proposition stated in the proposed instruction.
- (c) Any modification of a pattern instruction shall be disclosed. Additions shall be underscored and deletions shall be set forth by striking out the language sought to be deleted or setting out the deletions in parentheses.

6. **READING OF JURY INSTRUCTIONS:** It is the practice of the court to prepare a final, written version of the jury instructions to be read to the jury at the conclusion of the trial. It is also the practice of the court to not require the court reporter to report the reading of the jury instructions and the instructions will be considered read as published in the final written version. The parties will be given an opportunity to make a record as to any misreads of the instructions and further objections to the instructions at the conclusion of the reading of the instructions. It is also the practice of the court that the instructions will be read prior to final arguments pursuant to <u>Fed. R. Crim. P.</u> 30. If any party has an objection to any of this procedure, that objection must be raised at or before the Final Pretrial Conference.

7. <u>DISCLOSURE OF WITNESSES, EXHIBIT LISTS AND JENCKS</u> <u>MATERIAL:</u>

No later than the Friday before the commencement of trial, the United States shall provide to each defense attorney all materials required to be disclosed to the defendant under the <u>Jencks Act</u> for each witness identified on the witness list. No later than the day before it is anticipated that the Government will rest its case in chief, each defense counsel shall deliver to the Assistant United States Attorney prosecuting the case any <u>Jencks Act</u> material which relates to the witnesses listed on the defendant's witness list.

- 8. **JURY INVESTIGATION:** If any party does any type of jury investigation, the party shall disclose to the court and all opposing counsel the name of any potential juror that has been determined to have a criminal conviction for an offense more serious than a simple misdemeanor.
- 9. **CONDUCT OF TRIAL:** It is anticipated that the normal trial day will last from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. The parties are expected to have witnesses available so that the court can take testimony through the full trial day so that there will be no undue delay in the receipt of evidence.

The parties and their attorneys are also expected to be at the courthouse and available in the courtroom by no later than 8:45 a.m. on each morning of trial. The time between 8:45 a.m. and the start of testimony at 9:00 a.m. will be used to review exhibits

which the parties anticipate introducing into evidence during that trial day, to set up any audio-visual equipment (including the ELMO) and to take up any evidentiary or other issues which need to be addressed outside the presence of the jury. In the event any party believes that there may be particularly difficult issues which may require more than five or ten minutes to resolve, that party shall advise the court and opposing counsel of that fact so that an earlier time can be set to meet with counsel and the parties outside the presence of the jury and still start the receipt of evidence at 9:00 a.m.

10. **DEMONSTRATIVE DEVICES:** Parties are reminded of the requirement that counsel disclose to the court and opposing counsel all charts, summaries and other demonstrative devices the attorney anticipates using during opening statement or closing argument. This requirement does not apply to any exhibits admitted at trial which will be used during closing argument.

IOHN A TARVEY	JOHN A. JARVEY	Date:	
			IOHN A TARVEY
Magistrate Judge			UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
Plaintiff,	Case No. CR
vs.	STIPULATED DISCOVERY ORDER
,	
Defendant.	

At the time of arraignment or initial appearance the following discovery obligations have been agreed to by the parties and the Court so ORDERS such compliance.

- 1. The United States will include in its open discovery file or otherwise make available law enforcement reports (excluding evaluative material of matters such as possible defenses and legal strategies), grand jury testimony and evidence or existing summaries of evidence in the custody of the United States Attorney's Office which provide the basis for the case against the defendant. The file will include Rule 16, *Brady*, and Jencks Act materials of which the United States Attorney's Office is aware and possesses. Should the defendant become aware of any *Brady* material not contained in the open discovery file, defendant will notify the United States Attorney's Office of such materials in order that the information may be obtained.
- 2. The United States may redact or withhold information from the open discovery file for security concerns or to protect an ongoing investigation. This does not

preclude the defendant from requesting in camera review of such material by the court, upon proper showing, in order to determine whether or not it should be disclosed in accordance with Fed. R. Crim. P. 16. Where the United States withholds information from the open discovery file, notice of the withholding along with a general description of the type of material withheld will be included in the open discovery file. The open discovery file will also not contain evidence which the United States has decided to use for impeachment of defense witnesses or rebuttal evidence. It will not include evaluative material of matters such as possible defenses and legal strategies or other attorney work product. The United States is authorized to disclose any defendant's tax information in its file to co-defendants for use consistent with this Order.

- 3. The information in the United States' discovery file may only be used for the limited purpose of discovery and in connection with the above-captioned federal criminal case now pending against the defendant. The information provided in discovery shall not be disclosed to or used by any person other than that defendant and his or her counsel, and may not be used or disclosed in any proceeding not part of the pending criminal case. This paragraph does not prohibit the sharing of information by co-defendants in this federal criminal case between or among counsel who are subject to this Order. No information obtained through discovery shall be shared with other defendants or their counsel who are not subject to this Order except through motion pleading or the offer of trial and sentencing exhibits.
- 4. Grand jury testimony, Jencks Act statements and any transcription, summary, notes or dictation of discovery material will remain in the sole custody of the party's attorney or the agent working on behalf of the attorney and shall not be left with the defendant. The prohibition on leaving materials with the defendant shall not apply to items discoverable under <u>Fed. R. Crim. P.</u> 16, specifically, the defendant's statements, the defendant's criminal record, and to the extent they are intended for use by the government

as evidence in chief at trial, copies of documents, tangible objects, and reports of examinations and tests. The defense shall not photocopy or reproduce grand jury transcripts, Jencks Act statements or exhibits. If the attorney for the defendant is subsequently allowed to withdraw from this case, and a new attorney is appointed or retained, upon agreement by the United States Attorney's Office, the withdrawing attorney may provide copies of transcriptions, summaries, notes or dictations of discovery material to the new attorney. The new attorney, however, shall be subject to the terms of this order.

- 5. Any summary, notes, transcripts or dictation of discovery material, including copies thereof, and copies of all discovery material, must be returned to the parties or certified as destroyed at the conclusion of the trial, sentencing or appeal, whichever is later.
- 6. Upon disclosure of the United States' discovery file, defendant shall immediately provide and shall be under a continuing obligation to provide disclosure of statements as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3500(e)(1) & (2) and reciprocal discovery under Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(b) and 26.2.
- 7. Dictation of discovery materials is permissible, but duplication of materials by video, photography, copy machine, or computer scanner or other means may not be used unless the party providing the discovery specifically agrees to such method.
- 8. The United States' open discovery file generally satisfies its notice obligations pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 12(d) and Fed. R. Evid. 404(b) and 609(b). If the defendant identifies specific evidence in the open discovery file, however, and asks the United States whether it intends to introduce such evidence pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 12(d) or Fed. R. Evid. 404(b) and 609(b), the United States will specify whether it intends to use such evidence and if offered pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 404(b), will identify the purpose for which it will be offered under the rule without further motion or order.

9.	The parties will exchange a list of prospective witnesses and a list of
prospective ex	whibits no later than five working days prior to trial. For witnesses for whom
there existed	no statements or reports that were subject to disclosure through discovery,
the party list	ng the witness shall also note next to the witness's name on the list the
general purpo	se of his or her expected testimony.

10.	This ORDER imposes a continuing	g duty to	disclose o	n all parties.
IT IS	SO ORDERED.			

Dated this _____ day of _______, _____.

JOHN A. JARVEY Magistrate Judge UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT